Vendor Management

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Division of Risk Management Supervision Atlanta Regional Office

June 18, 2014



Agenda

Introduction

Vendor Management Overview

- Regulatory Expectations
- Board and Management Responsibilities

Framework Guidelines

Contracts

Business Continuity Plans





Common Outsourced Services

- Core Application
- Item Processing
- IT Security
- Audit
- Fraud Analysis
- Website Management
- Card Processing
- Mortgage Servicing





GLBA

- Oversee Service Provider Arrangements. Each bank shall:
 - 1. Exercise appropriate due diligence in selecting its service providers;
 - 2. Require its service providers by contract to implement appropriate measures designed to meet the objectives of these Guidelines; and
 - 3. Where indicated by the bank's risk assessment, monitor its service providers to confirm that they have satisfied their obligations as required by paragraph D.2. As part of this monitoring, a bank should review audits, summaries of test results, or other equivalent evaluations of its service providers.



Risk Considerations

Strategic

- How does this service provider fit into institution's goals and objectives?
- o Are the Directors involved in the process?

Transaction/Operations

- Service-level metrics
- Disaster recovery
- Security-related controls

Credit

- Cash flow
- Subcontractors





Risk Considerations (cont.)

Reputation

- Interactions not consistent with Institution policies
- Violations of law and regulations
- Security breaches disclosing sensitive information

Country

- Judicial providence
- Political considerations

Compliance

- Laws, regulations
- Institution's policies

Other

- Interest rate
- o Price
- Legal
- Foreign currency





Board and Management Oversight

- Policy Review and Approval
 - Key board function
 - <u>REVIEW</u>, not just Approval
- Institute Repeatable Framework
 - Involve various departments of institution
 - Compliance
 - Legal
 - Credit
 - Operations
 - Assign business owner as sponsor of program
- Safeguard Sensitive Information
- Business Continuity Planning
- Reporting
 - Annual report to Board required by GLBA
 - Significant vendors identified





Risk Management Framework

- 1. Institute Risk Assessments
 - Include key personnel and departments
 - Assign and define risk ranges
 - Identify time and diligence required at each category
- 2. Identify, Quantify, and Reduce Risk
 - Similar to your enterprise risk assessment
 - Consider qualitative analysis as well
- 3. Incorporate Reminder Capability
 - Tickler
- 4. Provide for Ongoing Due Diligence
- 5. Keep It Simple and Intuitive
 - Flowchart the process





Risk Management Framework (cont.)

- 6. Use a Similar Process For All Vendors
 - Flexibility is key
- 7. Maintain Details of Current and Past Reviews
 - Archival
 - Historical
- 8. Ensure Board Reporting and Involvement



Vendor Checklist

- ✓ Vendor Name and Service
- ✓ Nature of the Service
- ✓ Data
 - Company data (confidential)
 - Customer data (sensitive)
 - Intangible property
 - Usage
- ✓ Magnitude of Performance Problems
 - > Financial
 - Reputational
 - Operational
- ✓ Contractual Details
 - Date, term, and value of contract



Vendor Checklist (cont.)

- ✓ Interaction frequency with the third party
- ✓ Geographical (global) considerations such as location of third parties and number of physical locations (Business Continuity)
- ✓ Compliance with rules, regulations, law, etc.
- ✓ ID primary relationship owner within the organization
- ✓ Annual spend
- ✓ Risk scoring
- ✓ Audit reports
- ✓ Right-to-audit clause





Contracts (Fees and Costs)

- Legal
- Audit
- Examination
- Equipment
 - Hardware
 - Software
- Fee Calculations
 - Development
 - Programming
 - Conversion
 - Recurring Services
 - Special Requests





(Service Performance Clause)

- Response Times
- System Availability
- Data Integrity
- Core Report Availability
 - Frequency
 - Type
 - Quantity
 - Format
 - Archival

- Peripheral Reports
 - · Control/Audit
 - Financial
 - Security
 - Business Continuity

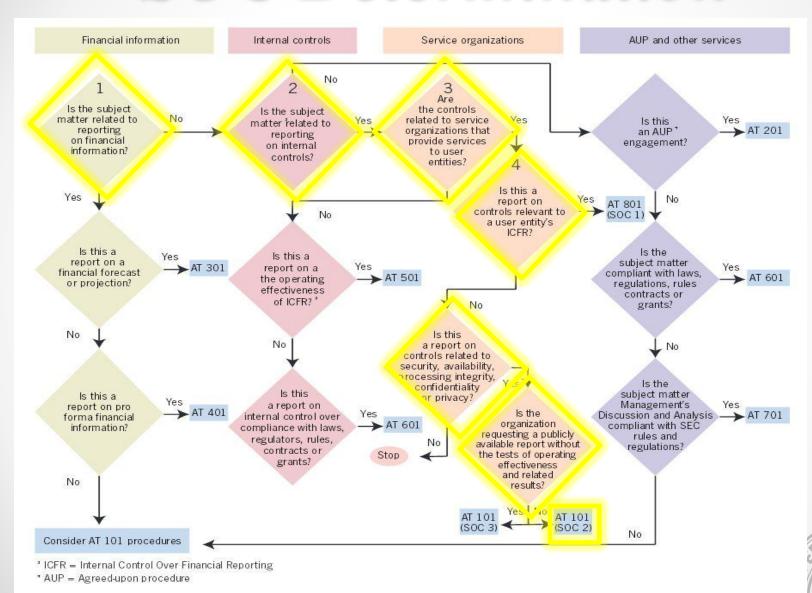


SOC Determination

- 1. Security
- 2. Availability
- 3. Processing Integrity
- 4. Confidentiality
- 5. Privacy of a System and Its Information



SOC Determination





FD Contracts (NPPI)

 Nonpublic Personally Identifiable Information data is any list, description, or other grouping of consumers (and publicly available information pertaining to them) derived using any personally identifiable financial information that is not publicly available.



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(Default and Termination Clause)

- Force Majeure
- Mergers and Acquisitions
- Convenience
- Substantial Increase in Cost
- Repeated Failure to Meet Service Levels
- Failure to Provide Critical Services
- Bankruptcy
- Insolvency





(Ownership and License)

- Ownership Rights
 - Source Code Access
 - Intellectual Property
- Use of Institution's Data
 - Data Mining
 - Marketing
- Use of Processing Hardware
- Use of Software
 - Virtualization
 - Operating System
 - Application
 - Updates





(Cloud Computing)

- Three Most Important Contract Considerations
 - Data Protection
 - Data Security
 - Jurisdiction
- Security Schedule Recommendations
 - o Institution's data separated from others in Cloud
 - Restrictions on use of data
 - Responses to security breaches
 - Use of security measures such as encryption
 - Access to Vulnerability and Penetration tests
- Natural Concerns
 - Loss of confidentiality (unauthorized disclosure)
 - Loss of integrity (corruption)
 - Loss of availability (deletion)
- End of Contract Concerns
 - Access to data
 - Deletion of data
 - Application
 - Updates





Contracts (Subcontracting)

- Primary Servicer Accountable
 - o Must have visibility into subcontractors.
- Define Services, Performance
 - Create metric table.
 - Can be in form of "Dashboard".
 - Periodically review performance.
- Primary Servicer's Due Diligence Process
 - o How does the primary service provider assess contractors?
- Approval Process for Change
 - o Institution notified?
 - o Institution given choices?
- Foreign Firms





Contracts (Insurance)

- ☐ Who is responsible for errors or omissions?
- What about negligence?
- ☐ Will the service provider cover any losses of revenue?





BCP Vendor Checklist

- ☐ Ensure a disaster recovery and business continuity plan exists and is included in the contract;
- Assess the adequacy and effectiveness of disaster recovery and business continuity plans and its alignment to your own plan;
- ☐ Document the roles and responsibilities for maintaining and testing the service provider's business continuity and contingency plans;
- ☐ Test the service provider's business continuity and contingency plans on a periodic basis; and,
- ☐ Maintain an exit strategy.





Customer Notice

- Standard for Providing Notice
- Defining Customer Information
- Affected Customers
- Content of Customer Notice
- Delivery of Customer Notice











Thank You!

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